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Enhanced Direct Enrollment Entity Name (Acronym)

**Security and Privacy Controls
Assessment Test Plan of the <Name of
Enhanced Direct Enrollment Entity>**

<Name of EDE Information System>

As performed by <Auditor Company Name>

SAP Version 0.1

Report Publication Date

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Security and Privacy Controls Assessment Test Plan

Prepared by: <Identify Auditor that prepared this document>

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Prepared for: <Identify Enhanced Direct Enrollment Entity>

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Revision History

Date	Description	Version of SAP	Author
<Date>	<Revision Description>	<Version>	<Author>
<Date>	<Revision Description>	<Version>	<Author>

Instruction

(Delete page when draft plan is completed.)

The assessment test plan must be jointly completed and agreed to before the start of the assessment by both the Enhanced Direct Enrollment (EDE) Entity and the Auditor. To expedite the process, this may be done during an assessment kickoff meeting.

The goal of the kickoff meeting is to obtain the necessary information for the scope of the assessment not included in the contract statement of work. The Auditor must obtain this to accurately complete the assessment plan.

The EDE Entity should be prepared to bring the necessary resources to the kickoff meeting or ensure the availability of resources to expedite the process during the meeting. After this plan has been completed, the Auditor must meet again with the EDE Entity to present the draft security assessment plan and make necessary changes before finalizing the plan. This Security and Privacy Controls Assessment Test Plan (SAP) must be submitted to CMS for review prior to the assessment.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

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1. Introduction

The <Information System Name> (<Information System Abbreviation>) will be assessed by <Auditor Name>, the Auditor. This Security and Privacy Controls Assessment Test Plan (SAP) must be submitted to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) for review prior to the assessment. EDE Entities should have a fully completed and implemented System Security and Privacy Plan (SSP) prior to starting the security and privacy audit.

The use of an independent assessment team reduces the potential for conflicts of interest that could occur in verifying the implementation status and effectiveness of the security controls. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication (SP) 800-39, *Managing Information Security Risk* states:

Assessor independence is an important factor in: (i) preserving the impartial and unbiased nature of the assessment process; (ii) determining the credibility of the security assessment results; and (iii) ensuring that the authorizing official receives the most objective information possible in order to make an informed, risk-based, authorization decision.

An Auditor is independent if there is no perceived or actual conflict of interest involving the developmental, operational, and/or management chain associated with the system and the determination of security and privacy control effectiveness. The Auditor's role is to provide an independent assessment of the compliance of the enhanced direct enrollment pathway and to maintain the integrity of the audit process. The Auditor is required to attest to their independence and objectivity in completing the audit, and that neither the EDE Entity nor the Auditor took any actions that might impair the objectivity of the findings in the audit in Section 6.7.

1.1 Applicable Laws, Regulations, and Standards

By interconnecting with the CMS network and CMS information system, the <Name of EDE Entity> agrees to be bound by the Interconnection Security Agreement (ISA) and the use of the CMS network and information system in compliance with the ISA. Laws, regulations, and standards that apply include the following:

- Federal Information Security Management Act of 2014 (FISMA)
- OMB Circular A-130, Appendix III, *Security of Federal Automated Information Systems*
- 18 U.S.C. § 641 Criminal Code: Public Money, Property or Records
- 18 U.S.C. § 1905 Criminal Code: Disclosure of Confidential Information
- Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. § 552a
- Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) of 1996 P.L. 104-191
- Patient Protection and Affordability Care Act ("PPACA") of 2010
- HHS Regulation 45 CFR §155.260 – Privacy and Security of Personally Identifiable Information

- HHS Regulation 45 CFR §155.280 – Oversight and monitoring of privacy and security requirements
- NIST SP 800-53, Revision 4, *Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information Systems and Organizations*
- NIST SP 800-53A, *Assessing Security and Privacy Controls in Federal Information Systems and Organizations*

1.2 Purpose

This *Security and Privacy Controls Assessment Test Plan* documents all testing to be conducted during the assessment to validate the security and privacy controls for <Information System Abbreviation>. It has been completed by <Auditor Name> for the benefit of <Name of EDE Entity>. NIST SP 800-39, *Managing Information Security Risk* states:

The information system owner and common control provider rely on the security expertise and the technical judgment of the assessor to: (i) assess the security controls employed within and inherited by the information system using assessment procedures specified in the security assessment plan; and (ii) provide specific recommendations on how to correct weaknesses or deficiencies in the controls and address identified vulnerabilities.

2. Scope

2.1 System or Application Name

Instruction: Complete Table 1 with the name of the system(s) and/or application(s) that are scheduled for testing. Briefly describe the system components. The description can be copied from the description in the System Security and Privacy Plan (SSP).

Complete Table 2 with the geographic location of all the components that will be tested.

Include additional rows as necessary to the tables.

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Table 1 describes the information system(s) and/or application(s) scheduled for testing.

Table 1. Information System Name and Description

Information System Name	Information System Description

Table 2 describe the physical locations of all components that will be tested.

Table 2. Information System Components

Login URL* Data Center Site Name	Address	Description of Components

* Uniform Resource Locator (URL)

2.2 IP Addresses Slated for Testing

Instruction: List the IP addresses of all system components that will be tested. You will need to obtain this information from the SSP and the organization. Note that the IP addresses found in the SSP must be consistent with the boundary. If additional IP addresses are discovered that were not included in the SSP and Privacy Plan, note a finding and advise the organization to update the inventory and boundary information in the SSP. IP addresses can be listed by network ranges and Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) blocks. If the network is a large network, test a subset of the IP addresses. Include additional rows to the table as necessary.

The Auditor must ensure that the inventory is current before testing and that the inventory and components to be tested are in agreement with the EDE Entity. In lieu of filling out this table, the Auditor may embed a separate file as long as all required information is included. In addition, the Auditor may use any unique identifier (e.g., MAC address or hostname), instead of the IP address.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

Table 3 identifies the IP addresses and network range of the system that will be tested.

Table 3. IP Addresses Slated for Testing

No.	IP Address(s) or Range	Hostname	Software and Version	Function

2.3 Roles Slated for Testing

Instruction: Roles to be tested should correspond to those roles listed in the <Information System Abbreviation> SSP. Role testing will be performed to test the authorization restrictions for each role. The Auditor will access the system while logged in as different user types and attempt to perform restricted functions as unprivileged users.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

For this assessment, <Auditor Name> staff names have been associated with the specific roles and corresponding responsibilities.

Table 4 identifies the roles slated for testing.

Table 4. Roles Slated for Testing

EDE Entity Role Name	EDE Entity Test User ID/Credential	Auditor Staff Name	Auditor Staff Associated Responsibilities
Ex. Anonymous Consumer Shopper	Ex. No Account Created		
Ex. Agent / Broker Account	Ex. ABTest1		

2.4 Web Applications Slated for Testing

Instruction: The Auditor must test for the most current Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP) Top Ten Most Critical Web Application Security Risks.¹ Provide any web application URL and components that will be in scope for this assessment in the following table.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

Table 5 identifies the web applications slated for testing.

Table 5. Web Applications Slated for Testing

Login URL for the Application	Web Application Name	Function / Description

¹ The OWASP Top Ten Most Critical Web Application Security Risks are located at: https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Category:OWASP_Top_Ten_Project

2.5 Infrastructure and Network Slated for Testing

Instruction: Identify all infrastructure components that will be in scope for this assessment in the following table.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

Table 6 identifies the infrastructure and/or network components of the system that will be tested.

Table 6. Infrastructure and Network Components Slated for Testing

Unique ID	NetBIOS Name	MAC Address	OS Name and Version	Asset Type	Hardware Make / Model
	<If available, state the NetBIOS name of the inventory item. This can be left blank if one does not exist, or it is a dynamic field.>	<If available, state the MAC Address of the inventory item. This can be left blank if one does not exist, or it is a dynamic field.>	<Operating System Name and Version running on the asset.>	<Simple description of the asset's function (e.g., Router, Storage Array, and DNS Server)>	<Name of the hardware product and model.>
12	N/A	DC-53-60-66-C0-92	CentOS 5.1	Web Server	Acme Server

2.6 Databases Slated for Testing

Instruction: Provide information about databases and instances that will be in scope for this assessment in the following table.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

Table 7 identifies the system database(s), instances, and/or tables that will be tested.

Table 7. Databases Slated for Testing

Unique ID	Software / Database Vendor	Software / Database Name and Version	Patch Level	Function
	<Name of Software or Database vendor.>	<Name of Software or Database product and version number.>	<If applicable.>	<For Software or Database, the function provided by the Software or Database for the system.>
13	Oracle	Oracle 10g	2018.1.1.0000a	Testing Data

2.7 Documentation Review

Instruction: Security and privacy documentation will be reviewed for completeness and accuracy. Through this process, the Auditor will gain insight to determine if all controls are implemented as described. The Auditor's review also augments technical control testing.

The Auditor must review the following required documents as a minimum for the assessment. Additional documents or supporting artifacts may be reviewed as necessary.

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The following documents will be assessed:

- Business Agreement with Data Use Agreement (DUA)
- Configuration Management Plan (CMP)
- Contingency Plan (CP) and Test Results
- Plan of Action and Milestones (POA&M)
- System Security and Privacy Plan (SSP), Final
- Incident Response Plan (IRP) and Incident/Breach Notification and Test Plan
- Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) and other privacy documentation, including, but not limited to, privacy notices and agreements to collect, use, and disclose PII and Privacy Act Statements
- Security Awareness Training (SAT) Plan and Training Records
- Interconnection Security Agreements (ISA)
- Information Security Risk Assessment (ISRA)
- Governance documents and privacy policy

2.8 NIST Control Families to Be Tested

Instruction: The Auditor must test the following list of NIST SP 800-53 security and privacy controls to ensure the effectiveness of the implementation according to the EDE SSP workbook. The Auditor's testing will complement the document review.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

The following security and privacy control families are in scope for the assessment:

- Access Control (AC)
- Awareness and Training (AT)
- Audit and Accountability (AU)
- Security Assessment and Authorization (CA)
- Configuration Management (CM)

- Contingency Planning (CP)
- Identification and Authentication (IA)
- Incident Response (IR)
- Maintenance (MA)
- Media Protection (MP)
- Physical and Environmental Protection (PE)
- Planning (PL)
- Personnel Security (PS)
- Risk Assessment (RA)
- System and Services Acquisition (SA)
- System and Communications Protection (SC)
- System and Information Integrity (SI)
- Authority and Purpose (AP)
- Accountability, Audit, and Risk Management (AR)
- Data Quality and Integrity (DI)
- Data Minimization and Retention (DM)
- Individual Participation and Redress (IP)
- Security (SE)
- Transparency (TR)
- Use Limitation (UL)

The controls implemented for the <Information System Abbreviation> can be found documented in the <Information System Abbreviation> SSP.

2.9 Assumptions / Limitations

Instruction: The assumptions listed are default assumptions. The Auditor must edit these assumptions as necessary for each unique engagement. The Auditor may add more assumptions as necessary.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

1. <Name of EDE Entity> resources, including documentation and individuals with knowledge of the <Name of EDE Entity> systems, applications, and infrastructure and associated contact information, will be available to <Auditor Name> assessment staff during the scheduled assessment timeframe and testing activities in order to complete the assessment.
2. The <Name of EDE Entity> will provide login account information/credentials necessary for <Auditor Name> assessment staff to use with its testing devices to perform authenticated scans of devices and applications.

3. The <Name of EDE Entity> will permit <Auditor Name> assessment staff to connect testing laptops to the <Name of EDE Entity> networks defined within the scope of this assessment.
4. The <Name of EDE Entity> will permit communication from the Auditor testing appliances to an internet-hosted vulnerability management service to permit the analysis of vulnerability data.
5. Security controls that have been identified as “Not Applicable” in the SSP must be accompanied with an explanation and will be verified as such; further testing will not be performed on these security controls.
6. Significant upgrades or changes to the infrastructure and components of the system undergoing testing will not be performed during the security assessment period.
7. For onsite control assessment, <Name of EDE Entity> personnel will be available should the <Auditor Name> assessment staff determine that either after hours work or weekend work is necessary to support the security assessment.

3. Methodology

Instruction: The Auditor must describe the methodology and process for conducting a complete and accurate security and privacy controls testing. The Auditor must use NIST SP 800-53A which describes the appropriate assessment testing procedure for each control. These test procedures include the test objectives and associated test cases to determine if a control is effectively implemented and operating as intended. The results of the testing will be recorded in the Security and Privacy Assessment Report (SAR) along with information that notes whether the control (or control enhancement) is satisfied or not. The Auditor must identify the automated tools that will be used for the assessment, including, but not limited to, tool name, vendor, version, and purpose of the tool. The Auditor must identify the manual testing procedures by describing what technical tests will be performed manually without the use of automated tools and how it will be done.

The Auditor must identify the automated tools that will be used for the assessment, including, but not limited to, tool name, vendor, version, and purpose of the tool. The Auditor must identify the manual testing procedures by describing what technical tests will be performed manually without the use of automated tools and how it will be done. The Auditor must identify which security configuration benchmarks, including version number, are used (e.g., DISA STIGs, and USGCB).

The Auditor may edit this section as appropriate.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

<Auditor Name> will perform an assessment of the <Information System Abbreviation> security and privacy controls using the methodology described in NIST SP 800-53A. <Auditor Name> will use test procedures to evaluate the security and privacy controls. The testing must include

the effectiveness of the most critical security controls implementation identified by the Center for Internet Security².

Data gathering activities will consist of the following:

- Request required documentation
- Request any follow-up documentation, files, or information needed that is not provided in required documentation
- Travel onsite as necessary to inspect system or applications and meet with staff
- Obtain information using security testing tools

Security and privacy controls will be verified using one or more of the following assessment methods:

- **Examine:** The Auditor will review, analyze, inspect, or observe one or more assessment artifacts as specified in the attached test cases in Appendix A.
- **Interview:** The Auditor will conduct discussions with individuals within the organization to facilitate assessor understanding, achieve clarification, or obtain evidence.
- **Technical Tests:** The Auditor will perform technical tests, including penetration testing, on system or application components using automated and manual methods.

4. Test Roles

4.1 Security and Privacy Assessment Team

Instruction: List the members of the assessment team and the role each member will play in the following table. Include team members' contact information.

Security and privacy control assessors play a unique role in testing system or application security and privacy controls. NIST SP 800-39, *Managing Information Security Risk* states:

The security control assessor is an individual, group, or organization responsible for conducting a comprehensive assessment of the management, operational, and technical security controls employed within or inherited by an information system to determine the overall effectiveness of the controls (i.e., the extent to which the controls are implemented correctly, operating as intended, and producing the desired outcome with respect to meeting the security requirements for the system).

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

² Please refer to the most current CIS Top Twenty Controls located at: <https://www.cisecurity.org/controls/>. Also, CMS has provided a mapping of the EDE SSP controls to the CIS Top Twenty Controls.

The security and privacy assessment team consists of individuals from <Auditor Name>, which are located at the following address: <Auditor Name> <Address of Auditor>. Information about <Auditor Name> can be found at the following URL: <Auditor URL>.

Table 8 presents the members of the Auditor assessment team.

Table 8. Security and Privacy Assessment Team

Name	Role	Contact Information

4.2 Provider Testing Points of Contact

Instruction: The Auditor must obtain at least two points of contact to use for testing communications.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

Table 9 lists the <Name of EDE Entity> points of contact that the testing team will use.

Table 9. Provider Testing Points of Contact

Name	Role	Contact Information

5. Test Schedule

Instruction: Insert the assessment testing schedule. The following table is a sample and provides suggested tasks and milestones in the assessment process. Assessment tasks may vary between assessments. Remove or add tasks as necessary. This schedule must be presented to the EDE Entity by the Auditor at the kickoff meeting. The Information System Security Officer (ISSO) and Senior Official for Privacy (SOP) must be invited to the meeting that presents the schedule to the EDE Entity. After the Auditor presents the testing schedule to the EDE Entity at the kickoff meeting, the Auditor must make any necessary updates to the schedule and this document and send an updated version to the EDE Entity, with copies to the ISSO and the SOP.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

Table 10 presents the assessment testing schedule. All parties must agree on the tasks and durations.

Table 10. Test Schedule

Task Name	Start Date	Finish Date
Hold Kickoff Meeting		
Develop Draft SAP		
Hold Meeting to Review SAP		
Finalize SAP		
Review <Information System Abbreviation> Documentation		
Conduct Interviews of <Name of EDE Entity> Staff		
Perform Testing		
Develop Draft SAR		
Draft SAR Delivered to EDE Entity		
Hold Issue Resolution Meeting		
Finalize SAR		
Send Final Version of SAR <Name of EDE Entity>		

6. Rules of Engagement

Instruction: The RoE describes proper notifications and disclosures between the owner of the systems or applications being tested and the Auditor. A RoE includes information about automated scan targets and IP address origination information of the automated scans (and other testing tools). The information provided in the preceding sections of this document, along with the agreed-upon and signed RoE, will serve as the RoE.

The Auditor must edit the Rules of Engagement (RoE) as necessary. The final version of the RoE must be signed by Both the Auditor and EDE Entity must sign the final version of the RoE.

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6.1 Disclosures

Instruction: Edit and modify the disclosures as necessary. If testing will be conducted from an internal location, identify at least one network port with access to all subnets/segments to be tested. By identifying the IP addresses from where the security testing will be performed, the EDE Entity will understand that the rapid and high-volume network traffic is not an attack and is part of the testing performed by the Auditor.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

Any testing will be performed according to terms and conditions designed to minimize risk exposure that could occur during security testing. All scans will originate from the following IP address(es): <List IP addresses for Scan Test>.

6.2 Security Testing Scenarios

Instruction: The following Vulnerabilities and Testing scenarios are provided by CMS and their testing is required:

Test specifically for the following security vulnerabilities in addition to the security controls provided:

1. SQL Injection
2. Broken Authentication and Session Management
3. Sensitive Data Exposure
4. XML External Entity (XXE)
5. Broken Access Control
6. Security Misconfiguration
7. Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)
8. Insecure Deserialization
9. Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities
10. Insufficient Logging & Monitoring

For additional information, consult the OWASP Top Ten Most Critical Web Application Security Risks. Please include additional testing scenarios in this subsection response.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

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6.3 Test Inclusions

Instruction: The Auditor must edit the bullets in this default list of test inclusions to make it consistent with each unique system tested.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

Security testing may include the following activities:

- Port scans and other network service interaction and queries
- Network sniffing, traffic monitoring, traffic analysis, and host discovery
- Attempted logins or other use of systems, with any account name/password

- Attempted structured query language (SQL) injection and other forms of input parameter testing
- Use of exploit code for leveraging discovered vulnerabilities
- Password cracking via capture and scanning of authentication databases
- Spoofing or deceiving servers regarding network traffic
- Altering running system configuration except where denial of service would result
- Adding user accounts

6.4 Test Exclusions

Instruction: The Auditor must edit the bullets in this default list of test exclusions to make it consistent with each unique system tested.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

Security testing will not include any of the following activities:

- Changes to assigned user passwords
- Modification of user files or system files
- Telephone modem probes and scans (active)
- Intentional viewing of <Name of EDE Entity> staff email, Internet caches, and/or personnel cookie files
- Denial of service attacks
- Exploits that will introduce new weaknesses to the system
- Intentional introduction of malicious code (viruses, Trojans, worms, etc.)

6.5 End of Testing

<Auditor Name> will notify <Name of EDE Entity> when security testing has been completed.

6.6 Communication of Test Results

Email and reports on all security testing will be encrypted according to <Name of EDE Entity> requirements. Security testing results will be sent and disclosed to the individuals at <Name of EDE Entity> within <number> days after security test has been completed.

6.7 Signatures

The following individuals at the <Auditor Name> and <Name of EDE Entity> have been identified as having the authority to agree to security testing of <Information System Abbreviation>. The Auditor attests to their independence and objectivity throughout the security and privacy assessment.

The following individuals acknowledge the foregoing Security and Privacy Assessment Plan and Rules of Engagement and agree to the tests and terms set forth in the plan.

<Auditor Name> Representative

<Name of EDE Entity> Representative

(Name)

(Name)

(Signature)

(Date)

(Signature)

(Date)

Appendix A. Test Case Procedures and Results

Instruction: The Auditor must provide the test procedures containing the test objectives and associated test cases to determine if a control is effectively implemented and operating as intended. The Auditor can provide the test case procedures in an Excel worksheet.

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Appendix B. Penetration Testing and Methodology

Instruction: The Auditor must attach a file containing the plan or include the plan in this Appendix. The penetration testing must include, in part, the security testing scenarios found in subsection 6.2.

The EDE Entity will understand that the rapid and high-volume network traffic is not an attack and is part of the testing.

[Delete this and all other instructions from your final version of this document.]

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