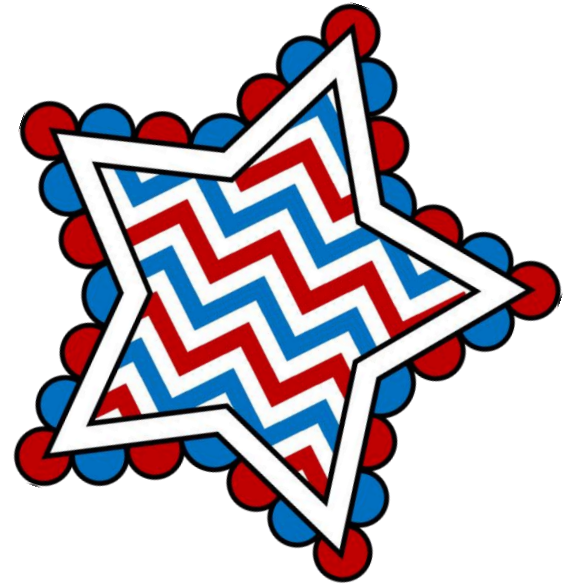


Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# BILL OF RIGHTS NOTES



1. What is the Bill of Rights?

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2. When the Constitution was signed in \_\_\_\_\_, it did not include a \_\_\_\_\_.

3. What were the people fearful of?

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4. \_\_\_\_\_ are changes to the Constitution.

5. With a strong central government, people wanted to be sure that the \_\_\_\_\_ rights of each citizen would be recognized.

6. Who wrote the amendments in 1791 that listed the rights of each citizen?

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7. How did this affect the power of the federal government?

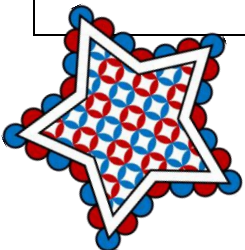
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8. The Bill of Rights was made up of \_\_\_\_\_ amendments.

9.

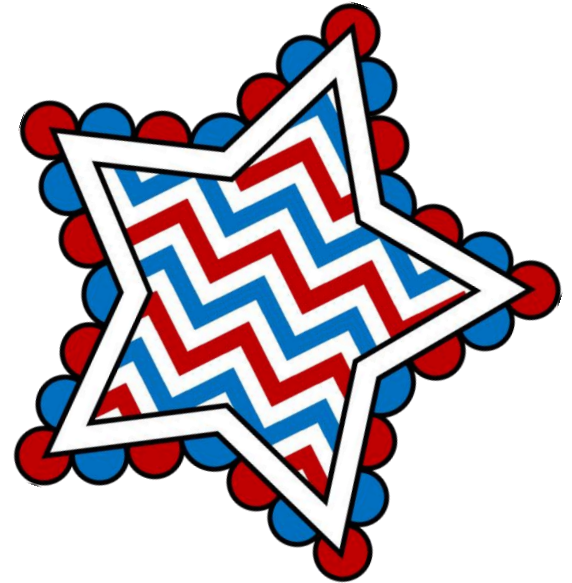
First Amendment	
Second Amendment	
Third Amendment	
Fourth Amendment	
Fifth Amendment	
Sixth Amendment	
Seventh Amendment	
Eighth Amendment	
Ninth Amendment	
Tenth Amendment	



Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# BILL OF RIGHTS NOTES

## ANSWER KEY



1. What is the Bill of Rights?

The Bill of Rights is a list of the rights of each individual person in the United States.

2. When the Constitution was signed in 1787, it did not include a Bill of Rights.

3. What were the people fearful of?

The people were fearful of a strong central government.

4. Amendments are changes to the Constitution.

5. With a strong central government, people wanted to be sure that the individual rights of each citizen would be recognized.

6. Who wrote the amendments in 1791 that listed the rights of each citizen?

James Madison

7. How did the amendments affect the power of the federal government?

This limited the power of the federal government because they are rights that the government can never take away.

8. The Bill of Rights was made up of ten amendments.

First Amendment	The government cannot support any religion over another. Citizens can practice any religion they choose. People can say, write, or publish their opinions. Citizens are free to come together and ask the government to make changes.
Second Amendment	People have the right to own weapons because they may have to fight to protect their country
Third Amendment	Citizens do not have to allow soldiers to live in their homes.
Fourth Amendment	Police cannot search people, their homes, or their belongings without justifiable reason.
Fifth Amendment	Anyone who commits a crime have the right to a fair trial. They cannot be tried more than one time for the same crime.
Sixth Amendment	If you are accused of committing a crime, you have the right to a trial by jury, a lawyer, to be told what crime you are being accused of, and to question witnesses.
Seventh Amendment	If two people have a disagreement over something worth more than \$20, they have the right to trial by jury.
Eighth Amendment	If you are accused of committing a crime, you can remain out of jail until your trial, if you pay bail. Courts cannot make bail too high.
Ninth Amendment	People have rights in addition to the rights stated in the Constitution.
Tenth Amendment	Any powers not given to the federal government belong to the citizens or the states.

