Counting Atoms Worksheet

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Name: _____

Grade: _____

Instructions:

For each chemical formula, answer the following:

- 1. How many elements are in the formula?
- 2. How many atoms of each element are there?
- 3. What is the total number of atoms?
- 4. How many molecules are shown?

 1. 4H₂SO₄ Elements: Atoms of each element: Total atoms: Molecules: 	 2. Al₂O₃ Elements: Atoms of each element: Total atoms: Molecules:
 3. 3NH₃ Elements: Atoms of each element: Total atoms: Molecules: 	 4. Ca(OH)₂ Elements: Atoms of each element: Total atoms: Molecules:
 5. CH₄ Elements: Atoms of each element: Total atoms: Molecules: 	 6. 2NaCl Elements: Atoms of each element: Total atoms: Molecules:

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Answer Key

1. 4H₂SO₄

Sulfuric acid contains 3 elements: hydrogen, sulfur, and oxygen. One molecule has 2 hydrogen atoms, 1 sulfur atom, and 4 oxygen atoms. Multiply by 4 (since there are 4 molecules), giving 8 hydrogen, 4 sulfur, and 16 oxygen atoms, for a total of 28 atoms in 4 molecules.

3. 3NH₃

Ammonia includes 2 elements: nitrogen and hydrogen. Since there are 3 molecules, you have 3 nitrogen atoms and 9 hydrogen atoms, totaling 12 atoms in 3 molecules.

5. CH₄

Methane has 2 elements: carbon and hydrogen. There is 1 carbon atom and 4 hydrogen atoms, making 5 total atoms in 1 molecule.

2. Al₂O₃

Aluminum oxide is made of 2 elements: aluminum and oxygen. It contains 2 aluminum atoms and 3 oxygen atoms, adding up to 5 atoms in 1 molecule.

4. Ca(OH)₂

This formula contains 3 elements: calcium, oxygen, and hydrogen. It has 1 calcium atom, 2 oxygen atoms, and 2 hydrogen atoms, totaling 5 atoms in 1 molecule.

6.2NaCl

This compound has 2 elements: sodium and chlorine. Since there are 2 molecules, there are 2 sodium atoms and 2 chlorine atoms, making 4 total atoms in 2 molecules.